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European Technical Assessment

et A-22/0409 of 20, 01, 2025

English version prepared by ZAG

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

ZAG

EVO (EVO+)

33: Concrete screw of size 5 for use in concrete for redundant non-structural systems

Evolution Fasteners (UK) Ltd Clyde Gateway Trade Park Dalmamock Road GB-G73 1AN Glasgow United Kingdom http://evolutionfasteners.co.uk

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

This version is a Corrigendum No. 1 to

Evolution Fasteners (UK) Ltd Manufacturing Plant 1

13 pages including 3 annexes, which form an integral part of the document

EAD 330747-00-0601, edition May 2018

ETA-22/0409, issued on 20. 01. 2025

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Specific part

1 Technical description of the product

Anchor EVO (EVO+) is a concrete screw size 5 made of stainless steel. The fastener is screwed into a predrilled cylindrical hole. The special thread of the anchor cuts an internal thread into the member while setting. The anchorage is characterised by mechanical interlock in the special thread.

For the installed anchor see Figure given in Annex A1/A3 and A3/A3.

2 Specification of the intended use(s) in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document (hereinafter EAD)

The performances given in Chapter 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The provisions made in this European Technical Assessment are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the manufacturer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

The basic work requirements for safety in case of fire are listed in Annexes C1/C4 and C4/C4.

Regarding to reaction to fire product is specified in class A1 according to EN 13501-1.

3.2 Safety in use (BWR 4)

The basic work requirement for safety in use are listed in Annex C3/4 and C4/4.

3.3 General aspects relating to fitness for use

Durability and serviceability are only ensured if specifications of intended use according to Annex B1/B3 are kept.

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (hereinafter AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

According to the decision 96/582/EC of the European Commission¹ the system of assessment and verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V to regulation (EU) No 305/2011) **2+** applies.

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for on the applicable EAD

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in chapter 3 of EAD 330747-00-0601.

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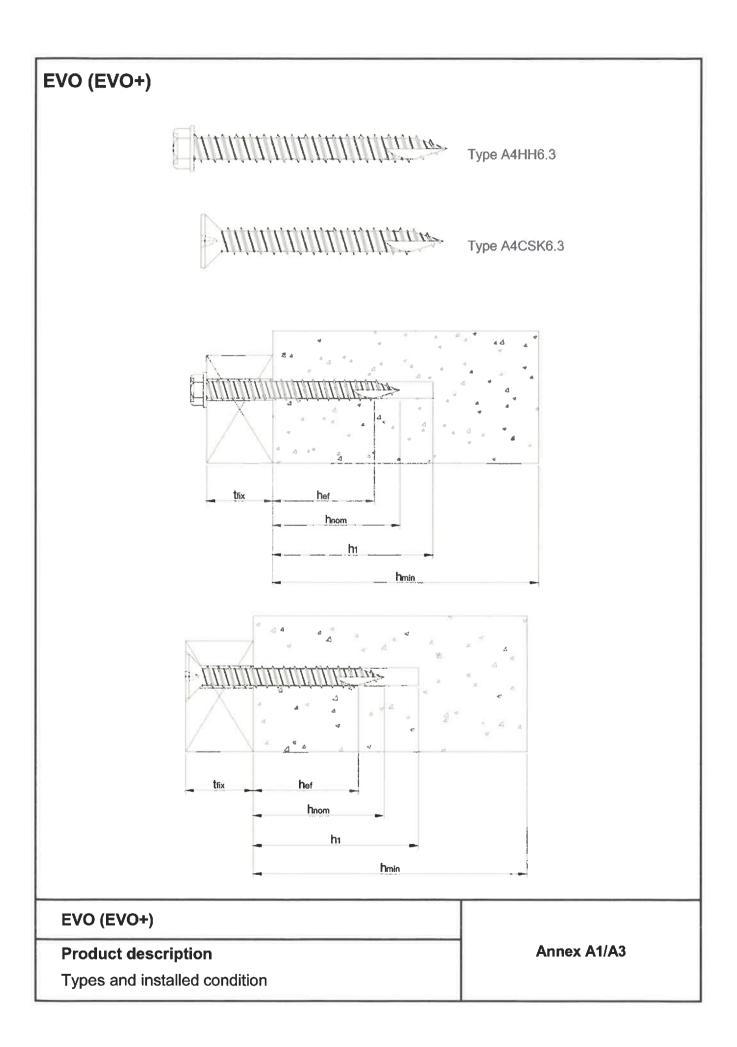
Signed by:

Franc Capuder, M.Sc.

Head of Service of TAB

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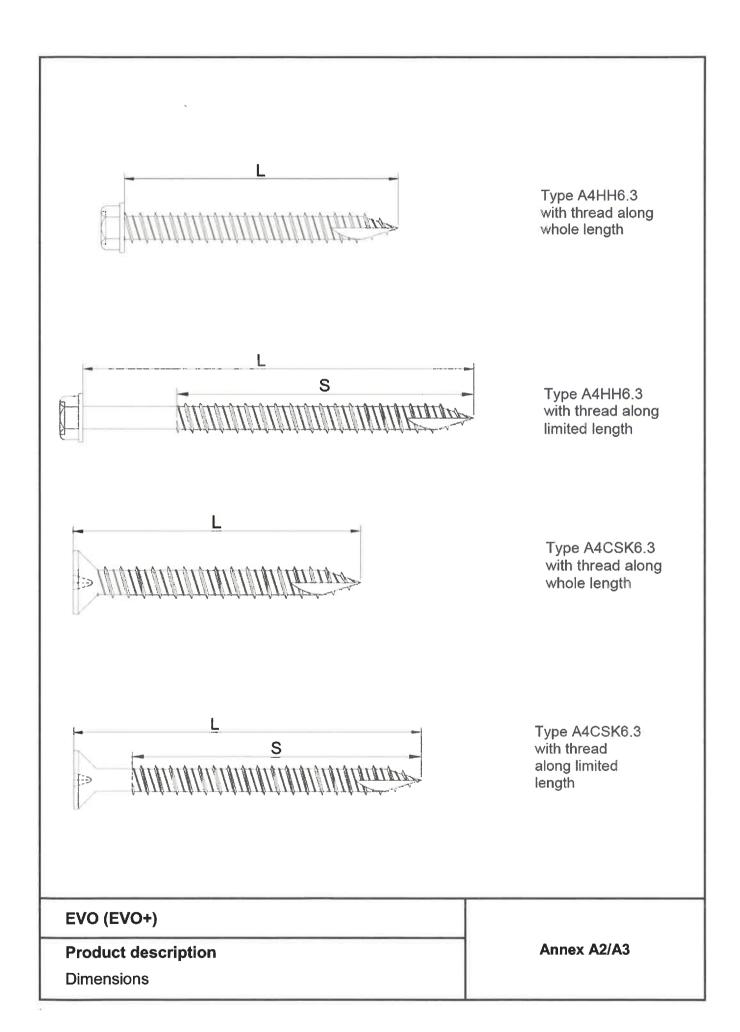


Table A1: M	laterials for E\		
Material			
Shaft and	d head	Stainless steel EN 1.4404/A\$ (AISI 316)	
,			
EVO (EVO+)			
Product descr	iption		Annex A3/A3
Materials			

Specifications of intended use

Anchorages subjected to:

- Static and quasi static load;
- Use only for multiple use for redundant non-structural systems;
- Fire exposure.

Base materials:

- Cracked and non-cracked concrete.
- Reinforced and unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength class C20/25 at minimum and C50/60 at maximum according to EN 206:2013+A1:2016.

Use conditions (Environmental conditions):

 The EVO (EVO+) anchors may be used in concrete subject to dry internal conditions and also in concrete subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment), or exposure in permanently damp internal conditions, if no particular aggressive conditions exist.

Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Anchorages under static and quasi-static actions are designed in accordance with EN 1992-4:2018.
- For application with resistance under fire exposure the anchorages are designed in accordance with the method given in EN 1992-4:2018.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking into account of the load to be anchored. The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings (e.g. position of the anchor relative to reinforcement or to supports, etc.).

Installation:

- Anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters on the site.
- Use of the anchor only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging the components of an anchor.
- Anchor installation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and drawings using the appropriate tools.
- Checks before placing the anchor to ensure that the strength class of the concrete in which the
 anchor is to be placed is in the range given and is not lower that of the concrete to which the
 characteristic loads apply for.
- Check of concrete being well compacted, e.g. without significant voids.
- Cleaning of the hole of drilling dust.
- Anchor installation ensuring the specified embedment depth.
- Keeping of the edge distance and spacing to the specified values without minus tolerances.
- In case of aborted hole, drilling of new hole at a minimum distance of twice the depth of the
 aborted hole, or smaller distance provided the aborted drill hole is filled with high strength nonshrinkage mortar. No shear or oblique tension loads are allowed in the direction of a not filled
 aborted hole.

EVO (EVO+)	
Intended use	Annex B1/B3
Specifications	

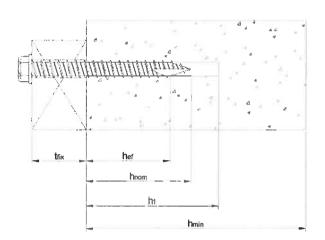


Table B1: Instalation data

Anchor size	EVO (EVO+) size 5		
Anchor size	5-1	5-2	
Maximum installation torque for ins power screw driver	90 Nm		
Nominal diameter of drill bit	d ₀ [mm]	5	
Cutting diameter of drill bit	5	,40	
Depth of drill hole	h ₁ ≥ [mm]	40	50
Overall anchor embedment depth	h _{nom} ≥ [mm]	32	42
Effective anchorage depth	h _{ef} [mm]	19,2	27,7
	h _{nom} - h _t [mm]	28,8	38,8
Diameter of clearance hole d _f ≤ [mm]		8	
Minimum edge distance	c _{min} [mm]	35	
Minimum spacing	s _{min} [mm]	35	
Minimum thickness of the member h _{min} [mm]		80	
Wrench size	HH WS [-]		8
	CSKPH [-]	3	

EVO (EVO+)	
Intended use	Annex B2/B3
Installation data	

Table B3: Minimum thickness of concrete member, spacing and edge distance

EVO (EVO+)				Anchor size	
L VO (E VO+)	5-1	5-2			
Minimum thickness of concrete member	h _{min}	[mm]	8	0	
Minimum spacing	S _{min}	[mm]	3	5	
Minimum edge distance	C _{min}	[mm]	3	5	

EVO (EVO+)	
Intended use	Annex B3/B3
Installation data	

Table C1: Characteristic resistances under tension loads in case of static and quasi-static loading for design according to EN 1992-4:2018

			Ancho	r size	
EVO (EVO+)			EVO (EVO+)		
			5-1	5-2	
Steel failure					
Characteristic resistance	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	9,3	9,3	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} 1)	[-]	1,4	4	
Pull-out failure					
Characteristic resistance in cracked and non-cracked concrete C20/25	$N_{Rk,p}$	[kN]	1,2	2,0	
		C25/30	1,12	1,10	
	Ψ _c	C30/37	1,22	1,18	
Increasing factor for N _{Rk,p}		C35/45	1,32	1,26	
The second secon		C40/50	1,41	1,33	
		C45/55	1,50	1,40	
		C50/60	1,58	1,46	
Partial safety factor	γinst	[-]	1,0		
Tartial Surety ractor	γ _{Mp} 1)	[-]	1,5 ²⁾		
Concrete cone and splitting fail	ure				
Effective anchorage depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	19,2	27,7	
Factor for cracked concrete	k _{cr}	[-]	7,7		
Factor for non-cracked concrete	k _{ucr}	[-]	11,0		
Spacing	S _{cr,N}	[mm]	58	83	
Edge distance	C _{cr,N}	[mm]	29	42	
Spacing (splitting)	S _{cr,sp}	[mm]	90	84	
Edge distance (splitting)	C _{cr,sp}	[mm]	45	63	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Msp} 2)	[-]	1,5	2)	

¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations

 $^{^{2)}\}mbox{The installation safety factor of }\gamma_{\mbox{\scriptsize inst}}=$ 1,0 is included

EVO (EVO+)	
Performance	Annex C1/C4
Characteristic resistance under tension loads	

Table C2: Characteristic resistances under shear loads in case of static and quasi-static loading for design according to EN 1992-4:2018

			Ancho	or size	
EVO (EVO+)			EVO (EVO+)		
	5-1	5-1			
Steel failure without lever arm					
Characteristic resistance	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	7,	9	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} 1)	[-]	1,2	25	
Factor for considering ductility k ₇ [-]			1,	0	
Steel failure with lever arm					
Characteristic resistance	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	6,2		
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} 1)	[-]	1,25		
Concrete pryout failure					
k-factor	k ₈ [-] 1,0		0		
Partial safety factor γ _{Mc} ¹⁾ [-]			1,2	25	
Concrete edge failure					
Effective length of anchor under shear load	If	[mm]	19,2 27,7		
Outside diameter of anchor	d _{nom}	[mm]	8		
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} 1)	[-]	1,5		

In absence of other national regulations

EVO (EVO+)	_
Performance	Annex C3/C4
Characteristic resistance under shear loads	

Table C3: Characteristic resistances under tension loads in case of fire exposure for design according to EN 1992-4:2018

			Ancho	r size	
EVO (EVO+)			EVO (EVO+)		
	5-1	5-2			
Steel failure					
	R30	[kN]	0,16		
Characteristic conjetes as N	R60	[kN]	0,1	4	
Characteristic resistance N _{Rk,s,fi}	R90	[kN]	0,1	1	
	R120	[kN]	0,0	18	
Pull-out failure			<i>=</i> 4		
	R30	[kN]	0,30	0,50	
Observative delication and N	R60	[kN]	0,30	0,50	
Characteristic resistance N _{Rk,p,fi}	R90	[kN]	0,30	0,50	
	R120	[kN]	0,24	0,40	
Concrete cone and splitting fai	lure 1)				
2)	R30	[kN]	0,28	0,70	
	R60	[kN]	0,28	0,70	
Characteristic resistance N ⁰ _{Rk,c,fi}	R90	[kN]	0,28	0,70	
	R120	[kN]	0,22	0,56	
Specina	S _{cr,N,fi}	[mm]	4 x h _{ef}		
Spacing	S _{min}	[mm]	35	35	
	C _{cr,N,fi}	[mm]	2 x h _{ef}		
Edge distance	C _{min}	[mm]	Fire attack from one side: c _{min} = 2 x h _{ef} Fire attack from more than one		
	omin [iiiiii]	side: c _{min} ≥ 300 mm and ≥ 2 x h _{ef}			

¹⁾ As a rule, splitting failure can be neglected when cracked concrete and reinforcement is assumed Design under fire exposure is performed according to the design method given in EN 1992-4. Under fire exposure usually cracked concrete is assumed. The design equations are given in EN 1992-4. In the absence of other national regulations the partial safety factor for resistance under fire exposure $\gamma_{M,fi} = 1,0$ is recommended.

EVO (EVO+)	
Performance Characteristic tension resistance under fire exposure	Annex C3/C4

Table C4: Characteristic resistances under shear loads in case of fire exposure for design according to EN 1992-4:2018

EVO (EVO+)			Anchor size EVO (EVO+)	
Steel failure without lever arm				
Characteristic resistance V _{Rk,s,fi}	R30	[kN]	0,16	
	R60	[kN]	0,14	
	R90	[kN]	0,11	
	R120	[kN]	0,08	
Steel failure with lever arm				
Characteristic resistance M ⁰ _{Rk,s,fi}	R30	[Nm]	0,10	
	R60	[Nm]	0,09	
	R90	[Nm]	0,07	
	R120	[Nm]	0,05	
Concrete pryout failure				
k-factor	k ₈	[-]	1,0	
Characteristic resistance V _{Rk,cp,fi}	R30	[kN]	0,28	0,70
	R60	[kN]	0,28	0,70
	R90	[kN]	0,28	0,70
	R120	[kN]	0,22	0,56

The initial value $V^0_{Rk,c,fi}$ of the characteristic resistance in concrete C20/25 to C50/60 under fire exposure may be determined by:

$$V_{Rk,c,fi}^0 = 0.25 \times V_{Rk,c}^0 \ (\le R90)$$
 $V_{Rk,c,fi}^0 = 0.20 \times V_{Rk,c}^0 \ (R120)$

$$V_{Rk,c,fi}^0 = 0.20 \times V_{Rk,c}^0$$
 (R120)

with $V_{Rk,c}^0$ initial value of the characteristic resistance in cracked concrete C20/25 under normal temperature

Design under fire exposure is performed according to the design method given in EN 1992-4.

Under fire exposure usually cracked concrete is assumed. The design equations are given in EN 1992-4.

EN 1992-4 covers design for fire exposure from one side. For fire attack from more than one side the edge distance must be increased to $c_{min} \ge 300$ mm and ≥ 2 x h_{ef} .

In the absence of other national regulations the partial safety factor for resistance under fire exposure $\gamma_{M,fi}$ = 1,0 is recommended.

EVO (EVO+)		
Performance	Annex C4/C4	
Characteristic shear resistance under fire exposure		